

ECAT Computer Science Chapter 10 Internet Browsing and Email Online Test

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | A collection of millions of computer connected to one another is called | A. Web browser B. Internet C. Intranet D. Words Wide Web |
| 2 | Which of the following Is an Internet Protocol? | A. Ethernet B. ARCnet C. TCP/IP D. MAC |
| 3 | Which of the following is protocol? | A. htto B. com C. HTML D. URL |
| 4 | An initial Internet that connected four university computer systems was called | A. Intranet B. ARPANET C. NSFNet D. CERNNet |
| 5 | The high-speed connections that form the malor pathways of the Internet is called | A. Server B. Platform C. Protocol D. Backbone |
| 6 | TCP/IP stands for | A. Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol B. Transfer Collector Protocol/International Protocol C. Transitional Covered Protocol/Intranet Protocol D. Transferred Collected Protocol/Internet Protocol |
| 7 | The USA Defense Department Initiated the internet in | A. 1969 B. 1976 C. 1978 D. 1980 |
| 8 | ARPA stands for | A. Defense Advanced Research Projects Association B. Advanced Residential Programming Association C. Advanced Research Protect Agency D. Arizona's Russian Program of Association |
| 9 | DARPA stands for | A. Defensive Association of Russian Policy with America B. Dared Association of Republic Partition C. Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency D. Defensive Advanced Regional Political Agency |
| 10 | Who owns the Internet? | A. U.S, Government B. Pak Telecom C. United Nations D. None |
| 11 | A computer can be linked to the Internet through | A. A Phone-line modem B. DSL C. Cable Modem D. All |
| 12 | How mane types of addressing scheme are used on the Internet? | A. 3 B. 2 C. 5 D. 8 |
| 13 | Every host computer on the Internet has a(n) | A. SimilarIP address B. Unique 15-digit number C. Unlace IP address |

| 14 | A standard IP address is composed of a total of | A. 4 bits B. 16 bits C. 32 bits D. 256 bits |
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| 15 | An IP Address consists of | A. Five numbers (0-99) B. Four number (0 to 255) C. Four numbers (0-256) D. five numbers (0-255) |
| 16 | A collection of millions of computer connected to one another is called: | A. Web browser B. Internet C. Intranet D. Words Wide Web |
| 17 | Which of the following is an internet protocol; | A. Ethernet B. ARCnet C. TCP/IP D. MAC |
| 18 | Which of the following is a protocol: | A. HTTP B. COM C. HTML D. URL |
| 19 | An initial internet that connected for university computer systems was called: | A. Internet B. ARPANET C. NSFNet D. CERNNet |
| 20 | The high speed connections that form the major pathways of the internet is called: | A. Server B. Platform C. Protocol D. Backbone |
| 21 | TCP/IP stands for: | A. Transmission Control Protocol/Internet B. Transfer Collector protocol International protocol C. Transitional Covered protocol/Internet Protocol D. Transferred Collector Protocol/Internet Protocol |
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| 25 | Who owns the internet? | A. U.S. Government B. Pak Telecom C. United Nations D. None |
| 26 | A computer can be linked to the internet through: | A. A phone line modem B. DSL C. Cable modem D. All |
| 27 | How many types of addressing scheme are used on the internet: | A. 3 B. 2 C. 5 D. 8 |
| 28 | Every host computer on the internet has an: | A. Similar IP address B. Unique 15-digit number C. Unique IP address D. Common name and number |

| 29 | A standard IP address is composed of a total of: | A. 4 bits B. 16 bits C. 32 bits D. 256 bits |
|----|---|--|
| 30 | An IP address consists of: | A. Five numbers (0-99) B. Four numbers (0 to 255) C. Four numbers (0-256) D. Five numbers (0-255) |
| 31 | The four number in an IP address are called: | A. Octets B. Codec C. Octal D. Bvtes |
| 32 | An IP address is an normally expressed as four octets separated with: | A. Dotted decimal number B. Dotted binary number C. Dotted octal number D. Dotted hex number |
| 33 | Which of the following contains permanent IP address? | A. Client B. Server C. User D. NIC |
| 34 | A type of IP address that does not change frequently is known as: | A. Constant B. Permanent C. Static D. Fixed |
| 35 | The system that translates an IP address into an human-readable name is called: | A. IP system B. Domain name system C. Domain D. Domain numbering system |
| 36 | A domain name is the text version of: | A. ID address B. Hyperlink C. Hypertext D. HTML |
| 37 | .com .edu and .gov are examples of: | A. Top level domain B. Tag C. Protocol D. Email |
| 38 | Which of the following is a top-level domain? | A. http Bcom C. HTML D. URL |
| 39 | All of the followings are top level domains expect: | Aedu Borg Cgov Dbus |
| 40 | The internet differentiate between one computer from another using: | A. Architecture B. Manufacturer C. IP address D. All |
| 41 | ISP stands for: | A. International Service Provider B. Internet Service Provider C. Interlinked Services Provision |
| 42 | A collection of documents store on computer permanently connected with internet around the world is called; | D. Internet's Service Party A. Telnet B. WWW C. Email D. FTP |
| 43 | The World Wide Web was introduced in: | A. 1960s B. mid-1970s C. 1989 D. 2000 |
| 44 | Which software is used to search and view web pages? | A. HTML B. Web server C. Web browser D. Window explorer |
| 45 | Web pages are written in which type of language? | A. HTML B. FTP C. SQL D. Assembly |