

History 6th Class English Medium Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Mesopotatmian Civilization stated in about.	A. 4500 BCE B. 5000 BCE C. 5500 BCE D. 6000 BCE
2	The river ,Nile flowed in.	A. Mesopotarmia B. iran C. Egypt D. Syria
3	Silk was discovered in China in.	A. 2300 BCE B. 2700 BCE C. 3100 BCE D. 3500 BCE
4	The large cities of Indus Civilization were Mohenjo-daro and	A. Taxila B. Attock C. Harappa D. Hyderabad
5	Class of society in Ancient Egypt were.	A. Four B. Five C. Six D. Seven
6	Mesopotamian civilization emerged in present country.	A. India B. Syria C. iraq D. Pakistan
7	Akkadian empire establishe din the are of.	A. Greek B. Pakistan C. Egypt D. iraq
8	The famous code of Hammurals was a record of.	A. Wars B. Mmoney C. trade D. Laws
9	The famous river Nile belongs to civilization of.	A. ancient Greek B. Ancient Egyptian C. indus valley D. Mesopotanian
10	The Ancient Egyptins religion conained more than gods.	A. 1000 B. 1200 C. 1400 D. 1500
11	Which of the following site called earliest site is South Asia.	A. Indus velley B. Mehaargrah C. Baby ionian D. Candihara
12	A grea contribution is the development of brick-made houses belongs to people of.	A. Egyptes B. Indus valley C. Mesopotatioan D. None of these
13	The famous river Nile belong to civilization of.	A. Ancient Greek B. Ancient Egyptian C. Indus Valley D. Mesopotanian
14	The Ancient Egyptian religion contained more than gods.	A. 1000 B. 1200 C. 1400 D. 1500
15	Which of the following site called earliest site in South Asia.	A. Indus velley B. Mehargarh C. Candhara D. Baby Ionian

16	Pottery industry was very popular among the.	A. Chinese people B. Mesopotamian C. Harppans D. Indusvalley people
17	In indus valley, the people believed that the greatest god was.	A. The Lion B. The Sun C. The Cow
18	According to China history, imperial China starts in.	A. 300 BCE B. 221 BCE C. 1921 BCE D. 2070 BCE
19	Yellow River valley was the birth place of ancient.	A. Chinese Civilization B. Egyptina Civilization C. Indus Valley Civilization D. Mesoptanian Civilization
20	Hieroglyphic wee in used by.	A. 2980 BCE B. 2999 BCE C. 3000 BCE D. 3100 BCE
21	In ancient Egyptian Civilization at the top of the social hierarehy, there was.	A. Vizier B. Pharaoh C. Priests D. Scribes
22	The typical former lived in a small villages of around.	A. 50 familes B. 100 familes C. 150 familes D. 200 familes
23	The Chinese exported fine silk cloth to.	A. Asia and Europe B. Asia and Africa C. Europe and Austria D. Africa and Europe
24	The majority of the people in Ancient China were.	A. Doctors B. Mechanics C. Farmers D. Artisans
25	Ancient China had a rich economy taht was based on.	A. Agriculture B. Trade C. Exchange of money D. All of these
26	An incient China the former had to work for the Governmebt for about..... month each year.	A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four
27	Mesopotamian religion was.	A. Chrisianity B. Buddhism C. Polythistic D. Hinduism
28	I was the region between the Tigris and Euphrates rivers.	A. Egypt B. Mesoptamia C. Greec D. indian
29	The most famous story " The Epic of Gilgamesh" was popular pastime of.	A. Egyptians B. Mesoptamins C. Chinese D. Sumerians
30	Raw Material circulated within Mesoptamia and wee brought in from outside as far away as.	A. India B. Africa C. Greece D. All of these
31	The Civilization of Ancient Egypt began in the Nile river Valley in.	A. Europe B. Africa C. Asia D. Austrlia
32	The River Nile is about	A. 6630 km B. 6640 km C. 6650 km D. 6660 km
33	The main staple food of the Egyptains was.	A. Wheat B. Rice C. Peas D. Barlev

		D. Darius
34	The Persian Empire was founded in 550 BCE.	A. Ashoka the Great B. Cyrus the Great C. Alexander the great D. Darius the Great
35	The Colosseum was a huge amphitheatre in the center of.	A. Rome B. Sparta C. Baby John D. Athens
36	Olympic games revived in the late.	A. 17th Century B. 1800 Century C. 19th Century D. 20th Century
37	Plato's Academy was like a.	A. Theatre B. Hosted C. School D. Court
38	In 431 BCE a war broke out between Athens and.	A. Romans B. Baby Ionians C. Spartans D. Persians
39	Who civilization created the world's first ever human rights charter.	A. Egyptian Civilization B. Mesopotamia Civilization C. Persian Civilization D. Greek civilization
40	Persepolis was.....capital city of the.	A. Athens B. Rome C. Sparta D. Persian Empire
41	The Persian Empire had a religion.	A. Christianity B. Zoroastrianism C. Buddhism D. None of these
42	Darius the Great, had a massive royal road network of around.	A. 12600 km B. 12700 km C. 12800 km D. 12900 km
43	Darius the Great, built a highway connecting the Persian Empire from Susa to.	A. Sardis B. Athens C. Roma D. Sparta
44	Rome Empire lasted for almost.	A. 300 years B. 400 years C. 500 years D. 600 years
45	Rome was founded in 753 BCE by its first king Named.	A. Romulus B. Remus C. Soerate D. Aristotle
46	It became the state religion of the Rome Empire.	A. Buddhism B. Zoroastrianism C. Christianity D. Sikhism
47	The Roman Empire fell in.	A. 473 CE B. 474 CE C. 475 CE D. 476 CE
48	A war broke out between Athens and Spartans in.	A. 429 BCE B. 430 BCE C. 431 BCE D. 432 BCE
49	Alexander the Great died at the age of.	A. 30 B. 31 C. 32 D. 33
50	The Indian campaign of Alexander the Great began in.	A. 227 BCE B. 327 BCE C. 431 BCE D. 432 BCE
51	One of the most famous buildings left by the Ancient Romans is the.	A. Agora B. Plato's Academy C. Colosseum

		<p>C. Comedy</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
52	Roman writers wrote history and.	<p>A. Comedy</p> <p>B. Tragedy</p> <p>C. Poetry</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
53	Slaves were used in Rome until about the.	<p>A. 1st Century</p> <p>B. 2nd Century</p> <p>C. 3rd Century</p> <p>D. 4th Century</p>
54	People in Italy rebelled against Rome's strict in.	<p>A. 60 BCE</p> <p>B. 70 BCE</p> <p>C. 80 BCE</p> <p>D. 90 BCE</p>
55	Rome ruled muc of Europe for nearly.	<p>A. 500 years</p> <p>B. 1000 years</p> <p>C. 1500 years</p> <p>D. 2000 years</p>
56	Aristotle, Socrates and Plato, ec, were key people of.	<p>A. Greece</p> <p>B. Persia</p> <p>C. Indian</p> <p>D. Rome</p>
57	Cyrus captured Babylon is.	<p>A. 537 BCE</p> <p>B. 538 BCE</p> <p>C. 539 BCE</p> <p>D. 540 BCE</p>
58	The Maurya empire fully occupied north western parts of India by.	<p>A. 316 BCE</p> <p>B. 326 BCE</p> <p>C. 336 BCE</p> <p>D. 346 BCE</p>
59	Under the caste system, aryans divided people in to castes ,or groups.	<p>A. Two</p> <p>B. Three</p> <p>C. Four</p> <p>D. Five</p>
60	King Ashoka became the emperor of Mauryan impire in.	<p>A. 238 BCE</p> <p>B. 348 BCE</p> <p>C. 258 BCE</p> <p>D. 268 BCE</p>
61	Chandragupta-1 was the founder of the	<p>A. Marhastas Empire</p> <p>B. Mauryan Empire</p> <p>C. Gupta Empire</p> <p>D. Kushan Empire</p>
62	The term Arya means.	<p>A. Leader</p> <p>B. Noble</p> <p>C. Feudal</p> <p>D. Priest</p>
63	Which of the following identified themselves as a supeior race.	<p>A. Mauryan</p> <p>B. Kushan</p> <p>C. Aryans</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
64	There was the indus valley Civilization before the time of.	<p>A. Aryans</p> <p>B. Mauryan</p> <p>C. Kushan</p> <p>D. Brahminis</p>
65	The Khyber pass is a mountains pass in th Hindu Kush Mountain in	<p>A. Sindh</p> <p>B. Punjab</p> <p>C. KPK</p> <p>D. Baluchistan</p>
66	The highest caste in the Aryan caste system was the.	<p>A. Kashatriyas</p> <p>B. Shudras</p> <p>C. Brahminis</p> <p>D. Vaishyas</p>
67	Who established the Mauryan Empire by overthrowing th eNando dynasty.	<p>A. Ashoka</p> <p>B. Chandragupta</p> <p>C. Chanakya</p> <p>D. Kanishka</p>
68	Ashoka expanded his empire to regions in.	<p>A. Iran</p> <p>B. Persia</p> <p>C. Afghanistan</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
	They linked the sea going trade of the Indian Ocean with the commerce of the silk road via	<p>A. Mauryan</p> <p>B. Aryans</p>

69	They linked the sea going trade of the Indian Ocean with the commerce of the Silk Road, via the Indus Valley.	A. Aryans C. Vaishyas D. Kushans
70	The Kushan Empire collapsed around.	A. 150 CE B. 250 CE C. 350 CE D. 450 CE
71	The son of Chandraguta-1 was	A. Ashoka B. Samudragupta C. Vima Kadphises D. Kanishka
72	Chandragupta -II expanded his kingdom to the coastline of the.	A. Tamralipta B. Sopara C. Arabian Sea D. Persia
73	The main capital of Kanishka Dynasty was.	A. Sindh B. Baluchistan C. KPK D. Peshawar
74	Which of the following was god of Aryans.	A. Indra B. Agni C. Savitri D. All of these
75	Hazrat Muhammad S.A.W.W was born in.	A. 571 CE B. 572 CE C. 574 CE D. 576 CE
76	Hazrat Muhammad S.A.W.W led three hundred and thirteen warriors in the Battle of Badr in.	A. 622 CE B. 624 CE C. 626 CE D. 628CE
77	Tired of Makkans oppression, some Muslims had migrated in around 615 CE to	A. Iran B. Egypt C. Abyssinia D. Syria
78	Hazrat Umar Bin al-Khattab R.A. was the Rashid Caliph	A. First B. Second C. Third D. Fourth
79	Hazrat Ali R.A remained Caliph for	A. Three years B. Four years C. Five years D. Seven years
80	Hazrat Bibi Amina R.A passed away in around	A. 575 CE B. 576 CE C. 577 CE D. 578 CE
81	The Angel Hazrat Gabriel R. A approached Hazrat Muhammad S.A.W.W with the first revelation from Allah Almighty.	A. 610 CE B. 620 CE C. 630 CE D. 640 CE
82	The first male who accepted Islam was.	A. Hazrat Ali R.A. B. Hazrat Abu Bakr R.A. C. Hazrat Umar R.A D. Hazrat Usman R.A.
83	The first Lady who accepted Islam was.	A. Hazrat Haleema R. A. B. Hazrat Amina R.A C. Hazrat Khadija R.A D. Hazrat Fatima R.A.
84	The Battle of Trench lasted for.	A. 10 days B. 20 days C. 30 days D. 40 days
85	A battle of Trench there were.... Muslims and 10,000 enemy forces.	A. 1500 B. 3000 C. 4000 D. 20000
86	Hazrat Muhammad S.A.W.W. performed his first and last pilgrimage or Hajj in.	A. 631 CE B. 632 CE C. 633 CE D. 634 CE

87	The Muslims peacefully capture Makkah and officially declared it as the holy site for Islam in.	A. 610 CE B. 620 CE C. 630 CE D. 640 CE
88	Peace Agreement Treaty of Hudaibiyyah was signed between the Muslims and the non-believers of Makkah in.	A. 625 CE B. 626 CE C. 627 CE D. 628 CE
89	Battle of Uhud was fought in Medina in.	A. 622 CE B. 625 CE C. 627 CE D. 630 CE
90	The first Rashideen Caliph was	A. Hazrat Umar R.A B. Hazrat Abu Bakr R.A C. Hazrat Usman R.A. D. Hazrat Ali R.A.
91	After his conversion to Islam in 616 CE, he became the first Muslim to openly pray at the Holy Kaaba.	A. Hazrat Usman R.A B. Hazrat Umar R.A. C. Hazrat Ali R.A. D. Hazrat Abu Bakr R.A
92	The title of Hazrat Umar Bin al-Khattab R. A. was.	A. Al-Sadiq B. Al-Amin C. Al-Farooq D. All of these
93	Which of the following was the achievement of Hazrat Umar Bin al-Khattab.	A. establishment of Central Treasury B. Built Rest Houses for Travelers C. Introduced Zakat System D. All of these
94	Hazrat Usman R.A was martyred in Medina in	A. 653 CE B. 654 CE C. 655 CE D. 656 CE
95	The first Muslim Navy was established in the time of.	A. Hazrat Usman R.A B. Hazrat Umar R.A C. Hazrat Abu Bakr R.A D. Hazrat Ali R.A
96	Which Caliph did earn the title of al-Nadwi.	A. Hazrat Ali R.A B. Hazrat Usman R.A C. Hazrat Umar R.A. D. Hazrat Abu Bakr R.A
97	Hazrat Ali R. A. became one of the first believers in Islam at the age of.	A. 5 years B. 6 years C. 8 years D. 10 years
98	Hazrat Ali R. A. embraced martyrdom on.	A. 18th Ramadan B. 19th Ramadan C. 20th Ramadan D. 21st Ramadan
99	Which Caliph extended Masjid-e-Nabvi and compiled an authentic copy of the Holy Quran.	A. Hazrat Abu Bakr R.A. B. Hazrat Ali R.A C. Hazrat Usman R.A D. Hazrat Umar R.A
100	Which Caliph was the flag bearer in most of the wars and became famous for his bravery.	A. Hazrat Ali R.A B. Hazrat Umar R.A C. Hazrat Usman R.A D. Hazrat Abu Bakr R.A
101	The period of Khulafah -e- Rashideen lasted from	A. 630 -650 CE B. 632-661 CE C. 631-640 CE D. 633- 655 CE